Dec 2020 Q6		
Case I Computation		
Profit before tax		1,240,200
Add back		
Depreciation	54,900	
Salaries & wages	-	
Entertainment		
Staff party	-	
gifts to suppliers	3,400	
Customer entertainment	7,000	
Pens with logos - advertising	-	
Staff award	-	
Political donations	900	
Engineers Ireland sub	-	
Football club sponsorship - assumed advertising	-	
Finance charge		
Interest on bank borrowings	-	
Interest of loan to acquire shares	12,600	
		78,800
Deduct		
Government grant - EXEMPT	120,000	
Profit on sale of machinery	13,000	
Dividends for Irish company - EXEMPT	7,200	
Patent royalties	17,500	
Profit on sale of investments	13,700	
	-	171,400
Capital allowances		
Opening cost	218,000	
Additions	-	
Disposals		
Machine	- 54,000	
Fully written off	-	
	164,000	

W&T @ 12.5%	20,500	
Balancing adjustment		
TWDV	20,250	(54,000 - (54000 x 12.5% x 5years))
Proceeds -	15,000	
Balancing allowance	5,250	
	-	25,750
Case I	1,	1,121,850
CT Computation		
CT Computation Case I	1	1,121,850
Case IV - Patent royalties	1,	21,875
Total income	1	1,143,725
Non trade charges	•	-
Chargeable gains		14,732
Taxable profits	1,	1,158,457
CT @ 12.5%		142,073
CT @ 25%		5,469
Less WHT	-	4,375
		147,542
Consideration		52,000
Base cost	38,300	
Indexation 98/99	1.212	
	-	46,420
Capital gain		5,580
CT Adjusted		14,732

Non trade charge relief n/a as does not own GREATER THAN 5%

	12 months	6 months
Dec 2020 D4	1/7/19 - 30/6/20	1/7/20-31/12/20
CT Computation		
Case I	240,000	120,000
Case V	118,000	21,000
Case III - Deposit interest	2,500	2,000
Case III - UK Dividends *S21B Election applies	5,700	6,100
	366,200	149,100
CT @ 12.5%	30,713	15,763
CT @ 25%	30,125	5,750
	60,838	21,513

Workings

Case V	8 months	6 months
Rental income	28,000	21,000
Premium	90,000	
	118,000	21,000

Premium Formula

Premium x (51 - N)/50 = Income Portion
21 year lease

Premium €150000

150000 x (51-21)/50

case I = Accounting period Case III & IV = receipts

Case V = accruals

Back 11:30

Sep 2020 Q1 Pre-trading expenditure - allowable period 1 Jan 2017 to 31 Dec 2019 Market research Sept 2016 - prior to 1/1/2017	-
Architects & professional Mar 2017 - capital in nature	-
Trade fair Jun 2018 - would have been allowable had the trade	800
Client entertainment Feb 2019 - specifically disallowed & not a	-
Digital marketing Dec 2019 - would have been allowable if the	3,200
	4,000
Royalties	
WHT @ 20% deducted from payment & paid over to Revenue	4,000
Add to CT liability	
CT Computation	
Case I	280,000
Less Pre-trading expenditure -	4,000
Less trade charges S243A - paid basis only -	20,000
	256,000
Case V	16,000
	272,000
CT @12.5%	32,000
CT @ 25%	4,000
Less than €40000 = Start up exemption applies	36,000
Lower of:	
CT on Case I = €32000	
ER PRSI = €25,500 -	25,500
	10,500

Add WHT	4,000
Total liability	14,500

Pay & File

Preliminary tax - small company 23rd of 11th month =23/11/2020 But 1st year = no preliminary tax obligation

Final liability = 23rd of 9th month after end of Ap = 23/9/2021Due 100%

return filing 23rd of 9th month after end of AP = 23/9/2021

Sep 2020 Q6

Plastic Products Ltd

Case I Y/E 30 September 2020

Profit per accounts 1,657,100

Add back

Depreciation 36,900
Salaries & wages Legal & Professional Finance charge

Finance lease interest 28,600

Mortgage interest - factory property -

Deduct

Disposal of NCA 250,000
Deposit interest 17,500
Finance lease payments 210,000

- 477,500

65,500

Capital Allowances

Balancing adjustment

TWDV 91,000

Proceeds Charge cannot exceed IBAA claimed IBAA claimed - restrict balancing charge to IBAA claimed Note If sold for more than original cost = balancing charge will be	- 575,000 - 484,000 - 260,000 the IBAA claimed	
IBAA New factory		
Site cost	-	
Architect fees	37,000	
Construction of factory	352,000	
Construction - admin area**	81,000	
Total cost including admin area	470,000	
Admin area > 10% of total cost?		
81/470 = 17%, therefore disallow	- 81,000	
	389,000	
IBAA @ 4%	15,560	244 440 lution
Case I		244,440 lution 1,489,540
CT Computation		
Case I		1,489,540
S420A surrendered from Plastic Stuff	-	62,500
		1,427,040
Case III - Deposit Interest		17,500
Total Income		1,444,540
Chargeable gain		494,406
Total Profits		1,938,946
CT @ 12.5%		240,181
CT @ 25%		4,375
		244,556

Plastice Stuff Ltd Loss Memo Loss carried forward @ 31 March 2019 cannot be surrender in group relief Carried forward	356,000 - 356,000			
Loss for current period Y/E 31 March 2020 S396A/S396B	125,000 -			
·	125,000			
S420A Surrendered to Plastic Products 6 months -	62,500			
Carried forward	62,500			
Consideration		575,000		
Base cost	325,000	373,000		
Indexation 99/00	1.193			
	-	387,725		
		187,275		
CT Adjusted		494,406		
Ct Computation	RED		RUM	
	31/10/2019	31/10/2020	31/10/2019	31/10/2020
Case I	60,000	Nil	Nil	130,000
S396(1)			-	70,000
S396A -	60,000			
S420A			-	16,000
Case III	-	-	25,000	-
Case V	22,000	50,000	-	-
Total income	22,000	50,000 -	25,000	44,000
CT @ 12.5%				5,500
				,
CT @ 25%	5,500	12,500	6,250	

	-		-	5,500
Loss Memo				
Case I Loss			120,000	
S396A Current period against Case I			-	
S396A Prior period against Case I			-	
			120,000	
S396B Current period value basis (6250/12.5%)		-	50,000	
S396B Prior period value basis			-	
			70,000	
Group relief N/A Red has no income or tax liability after using own losses			-	
Carried forward			70,000	
S396(1)		-	70,000	
			-	
Case I Loss		220,000		
S396A Current period against Case I		-		
S396A Prior period against Case I	-	60,000		
		160,000		
S396B Current period on value basis	-	100,000		
S396B Prior period on value basis	-	44,000		
		16,000		
S420A	-	16,000		
		_		

Back 2:10

Dec 2019 Q 6 Pg 113 Case I computation

Profit per accounts 582,850

Add back

Depreciation 72,000

Salaries & wages	-	
Legal & professional		
Commercial property	3,500	
Customer dispute	-	
Repairs & Maintenance		
Commercial property	11,000	
Alarm system	27,000	
Insurance		
Public liability	-	
Commercial property	5,200	
Sundry Expenses		
Sub to CIF	-	
Client entertainment	1,500	
Finance charge		
Lease interest	4,450	
Motor lease restriction	9,239	
Mortgage interest commercial property	12,000	
		145,889
Deduct		
Other income	89,200	
Lease payments	12,500	
	-	101,700
Capital allowances (final = all assets including add back capex)	-	36,000
Case I		591,039
Moulines		
Workings Motor lease restriction		
Motor lease restriction	12 500	
Included in accounts (after adj for Finance lease interest)	12,500	
Allowable amount (lease rental x Qcost/Actual Cost)	3,261	
	9,239	

Case V Compuation		
Gross rental (accruals)		31,000
Premium (income portion)	Px51-N/50	31,800
		62,800
Less allowable expenses		,
Legal	3,500	
Repairs	11,000	
Insurance	5,200	
Interest	12,000	
	, -	31,700
		31,100
		0_,_00
Corporation tax Computation		
Case I		591,039
Case III		5,200
Case V		31,100
Total Income / Taxable Profits		627,339
Total medite / Taxable Fronts		027,333
CT @ 12.5%		73,880
CT @ 25%		9,075
C1 @ 25/0		82,955
		82,933
Motor examples		
Motor & Travel Expenses		
Lease charge		6,000
Lease Charge		0,000
Note: CAT B Car, cost €30,000		
aha moment - this is an operating lease		
and moment - this is an operating lease		
Included in the accounts	6,000	
Allowable amount (lease rental x Q Cost/ Actual Cost)	4,800	
Add back	1,200	
Aud back	1,200	

Motor & Travel Expenses

Lease charge 5,800

Note: CAT A Car, cost €21,400

aha moment - this is an operating lease

Included in the accounts 5,800
Allowable amount (lease rental x Q Cost/ Actual Cost) 6,505
Additional deduction - 705

Finance charges / Interest charges

Lease interest 3,100

Note: CAT A Car, cost €21,400, total lease payments capital + interest €9,000

aha moment - this is a finance lease - because there is lease interest

Before dealing with the motor lease restriction = adjust the accounts for the difference in accounting & tax treatment of the lease

Add back finance lease interest 3,100

Deduct lease payments (capital + interest) - 9,000

Now the lease rental in the accounts is €9000

Motor lease restriction

Included in the accounts 9,000
Allowable amount (lease rental x Q Cost/ Actual Cost) 10,093
Additional deduction - 1,093

Finance charges / Interest charges

Lease interest 2,780

Note: CAT E Car, cost €28,900, total lease payments capital + interest €8,200

Add back finance lease interest 2,780

Deduct lease payments (capital + interest) - Now the lease rental in the accounts is €8200	8,200	
Motor lease restriction Included in the accounts/ given as a deduction so far Allowable amount (lease rental x Q Cost/ Actual Cost) Add back	8,200 3,405 4,795	
Motor expenses Lease rental/payment		5,420
Note: CAT D Car, cost €22,900		
Motor lease restriction Included in the accounts/ given as a deduction so far Allowable amount (lease rental x Q Cost/ Actual Cost) Add back	5,420 2,710 2,710	
Finance charges / Interest charges Lease interest		3,590
Note: CAT E Van, cost €26,900, total lease payments capital + interest €9,	200	
aha moment - this is a finance lease - because there is lease interest adjust the accounts for the difference in accounting & tax treatment of the	ne lease	
Add back Interest Deduct lease payment -	3,590 9,200	

Motor lease restriction?? NOPE - not a car!

Start 15:13 - Finished 15:32		
Jun 2019 Q6 Pg 119		
Case I Computation		214,450
Add back		
Salaries & wages	-	
Legal & professional		
customer lawsuit	-	
lease of new warehouse - capital	5,000	
debt collection	-	
statutory redundancy	-	
ex gratia	-	
Insurance		
Public liability	-	
Keyman insurance	15,200	
Subs & donations		
Retail Ireland	-	
Concern donation	200	
Political donation	600	
Depreciation	39,800	
Finance lease interest	2,450	
		63,250
Deduct		
Other income	16,200	
Finance lease payments	5,250	
Motor lease deduction	477	
	-	21,927
Capital allowances	-	5,200
Case I		250,573

Workings

Motor lease restriction

Allowable (lease rental x QC/Actual)	5,727
Additional deduction	- 477
Irish dividends - EXEMPT	
CT Computation	
Case I	250,573
Less S396(1) Loss forward	- 12,000
	238,573
Case III - Deposit Interest	3,600
Case III - Foreign dividends * S21B Election	9,200
Total income	251,373
CT @ 12.5%	30,972
CT @ 25%	900
	31,872

5,250

Back 3:55

In the comp